Workforce Development Training Fund – Quantitative Funding Level Model

Core Economic and Labor Market Information Variables:

The Idaho Department of Labor research team studied a host of quantifiable economic and labor market variables to determine which were most predictive of economic growth, impact and wealth creation.

(Wage Score x 4) + (Multiplier Score x 1) + (UI Tax Rate Score x .5) + (County Unemployment Rate Score x .5) + (Concentration Rate Score x .2) (Training Score x .2) 0.5 0.5 INDUSTRY OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION COUNTY EMPLOYER'S WAGES **ECONOMIC** UNEMPLOYMENT CONCENTRATIONS and Less than 41 pts UI TAX RATE MULTIPLIER RATE TRANSFERABILITY TRAINING Points Points Rate Class Points Points Education Points 41 to 45 nts 19.00 10 3.60 10 +1+2 10 13.16 10 10 Apprentic Academic Credentia 18.00 3.30 9 +3+4 9 12.07 9 2.00 9 9 17.00 3.00 8 +5+6 11.07 8 8 8 1.50 Training 46 pts or greater 16.00 2.70 +7 10.16 1.25 Structured 15.00 6 2 40 6 R and RI 6 9 32 1.00 6 5 OJT 14.00 5 2.10 5 -1-2 -1 8.55 0.75 13.00 1.80 7.78 0.50 -2 12.00 1.50 -3 7.08 0.40 OJT 2 -4 6.44 0.30 Total Value 5.86 0.20 Total >> 20 Total >> 7 Total >> Total >> 12 Total >> 10 Total >> 3 53 Metric 4 Metric 5 Metric 1 Metric 2 Metric 3 Metric 6 County Occupation Wages Fconomic Impact Unemployment Education and Unemployment Concentrations **Earnings** Multiplier Insurance Experience **Training Component** Rate and Transferability Uses Employer Tax Array o **Uses Occupational** chored to the State Fisc Use Weighted Average Uses EMSI IO Multipliers Standard Rate for new Year Average State Information Location **Education and Training** from Vendor Proposal Unemployment Rate employers Quotients 100% **Total Combined Score** 40% 10% 5% 5% 20% 20%

Six distinct variables were chosen to drive the model above.

- **#1 Wages**, a major wealth-creation driver makes up 40 percent of the total score. Applicants can earn up to 40 points for jobs paying \$19 or more.
- **#2 Economic Impact** makes up 10 percent of the total score. Companies can earn up to 10 points for industries with multipliers of 3.6 or higher.
- **#3 Employer's Unemployment Insurance Rate** makes up 5 percent of the total score. Businesses with the lowest UI tax rates can earn up to five points while negative rated employers lose points. New businesses are given the standard rate, which earns them 6 points.
- **#4 County Unemployment Rate** makes up 5 percent of the total score. Businesses located in counties with higher rates can earn up to 5 total points.
- **#5 Occupational Concentration** makes up 20 percent of the total score. Businesses can earn as much as 20 points in highly concentrated occupations.
- #6 Education and Training makes up 20 percent of the total score. Proposals that exhibit tangible academic or certified credentials earn 20 points. Structured training on new equipment or machinery earns 10 points while basic on-the-job trainings are only awarded the minimum 4 points.

Training Level Definitions:

- **Apprenticeship** A strict training program to gain a set of skills to prepare workers for their desired trade, certain career or licensure.
- Credential (Industry Recognized) A nationally recognized degree or certificate or state/local recognized credential. Credential includes but is not limited to a HS diploma, GED or other recognized equivalents, postsecondary degrees/certificates, recognized skill standards and licensure or industry recognized certificates.
- **Certificate/Badges** Recognition of an individual attainment of measurable technical or occupational skills necessary to gain employment or advance in an occupation. These technical or occupations skills are based on industry developed and endorsed standards.
- **Structured On-The-Job Training** Must have a train-the-trainer component. Trainer is required to take methods-of-training course, included are measurable competencies and specialized equipment training that is transferrable.
- **On-The-Job Training** Simply learning the responsibilities and duties required via on-the-job short-term training.

Qualitative Points can be earned based on extensive capital investment, training match and the company's contribution to expanding economic growth in that sector.

Qualitative Potential Extra Credit
Categories for up to 20 points.

Capital Investment
Training Match
Company Growth ahead of the Industry Projection

Funding Thresholds were derived from testing employer scenarios and studying Idaho's economic and labor market information.

Scoring Descriptives	Total Score Range	Maximum Funding Per Employee
Significant Economic Growth	71+	\$ 4,500+
	61 to 70	\$ 4,000
Strong Economic Growth	56 to 60	\$ 3,500
	51 to 55	\$ 3,000
	46 to 50	\$ 2,500
Appreciable Economic Growth	41 to 45	\$ 2,000
Use Discretion	<41	\$0 to 1,999

For more information or assistance go to http://lmi.idaho.gov/RegionalLaborMarkets.aspx and contact your local regional economist.