Section 1. Section 465.0156, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

465.0156 Registration of Non-Resident Pharmacies.

- (1) Any pharmacy which is located outside this state and which ships, mails, or delivers, in any manner, a dispensed medicinal drug into this state shall be considered a non-resident pharmacy, shall be registered with the board, shall provide pharmacy services at a high level of protection and competence, and shall disclose to the board the following specific information:
- (a) That it maintains at all times a valid, unexpired license, permit, or registration to operate the pharmacy in compliance with the laws of the state in which the dispensing facility is located and from which the medicinal drugs shall be dispensed;
- (b) The location, names, and titles of all principal corporate officers and the pharmacist who serves as the prescription department manager for dispensing medicinal drugs to residents of this state. This disclosure shall be made within 30 days after any change of location, corporate officer, or pharmacist serving as the prescription department manager for dispensing medicinal drugs to residents of this state;
- (c) That it complies with all lawful directions and requests for information from the regulatory or licensing agency of all states in which it is licensed as well as with all requests for information made by the board pursuant to this section. It shall respond directly to all

communications from the board concerning emergency circumstances arising from errors in the dispensing of medicinal drugs to the residents of this state;

- (d) That it maintains its records of medicinal drugs dispensed to patients in this state so that the records are readily retrievable from the other business records of the pharmacy and from the records of other medicinal drugs dispensed; and
- (e) That during its regular hours of operation but not less than 6 days per week, for a minimum of 40 hours per week, a toll-free telephone service shall be provided to facilitate communication between patients in this state and a pharmacist at the pharmacy who has access to the patient's records. This toll-free number must be disclosed on the label affixed to each container of dispensed medicinal drugs.
- (2) Applications for non-resident pharmacy registration under this section shall be made on a form furnished by the board. The board may require such information as the board deems reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes of this section. The board may grant an exemption from the registration requirements of this section to any non-resident pharmacy which confines its dispensing activity to isolated transactions. The board may define by rule the term isolated transactions.
- (3) The registration fee and the biennial renewal fee shall be the fee specified in s.465.022.

(4) The board may deny, revoke, or suspend registration of, or fine or reprimand, a non-resident pharmacy for failure to comply with s.465.025 or with any requirement of this section in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

- (5) In addition to the prohibitions of subsection (4) the board may deny, revoke, or suspend registration of, or fine or reprimand, a non-resident pharmacy in accordance with the provisions of this chapter for conduct which causes or could cause serious bodily injury or serious psychological injury to a human or animal in resident of this state if the board has referred the matter to the regulatory or licensing agency in the state in which the pharmacy is located and the regulatory or licensing agency fails to investigate within 180 days of the referral.
- (6) It is unlawful for any non-resident pharmacy which is not registered pursuant to this section to advertise its services in this state, or for any person who is a resident of this state to advertise the pharmacy services of a non-resident pharmacy which has not registered with the board, with the knowledge that the advertisement will or is likely to induce members of the public in this state to use the pharmacy to fill prescriptions.
- (7) This section does not apply to Internet pharmacies required to be permitted under s. 465.0197.
- (8) Notwithstanding s. 465.003(10), for purposes of this section, the registered pharmacy and the pharmacist designated by the registered pharmacy as the prescription

department manager or the equivalent must be licensed in the state of location in order to dispense into this state.

Section 2. Section 465.0158, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 465.0158 Non-Resident Sterile Compounding Permit.
- (1) Any pharmacy which is located outside this state and which ships, mails, delivers or dispenses, in any manner, a sterile compounded product into this state shall be considered a non-resident sterile compounding pharmacy, shall be registered with the board, shall provide pharmacy services at a high level of protection and competence and shall disclose to the board the criteria outlined in this section:
- (a) That it maintains at all times a valid, unexpired license in Florida as a non-resident pharmacy as defined in Section 465.0156, Florida Statutes.
- (b) That it maintains at all times a valid, unexpired and unencumbered license, permit or registration in the state in which the non-resident pharmacy is located and from which the sterile compounded products shall be dispensed.
- (c) That the owners, officers and the prescription department manager or pharmacist in charge of the non-resident pharmacy attests at initial licensure that they have read and understand the laws and rules governing sterile compounding in Florida.
- (d) That the owners, officers and the prescription
 department manager or pharmacist in charge of the nonresident pharmacy attest at initial licensure and at each

112	subsequent licensure renewal that the non-resident pharmacy
113	is in compliance with all the sterile compounding laws and
114	rules of the state in which it is physically located.
115	(e) That the owners, officers and the prescription
116	department manager or pharmacist in charge of the non-
117	resident pharmacy attest to understanding that they may not
118	engage in the practice of sterile compounding that exceeds
119	the laws and rules of the state in which they are physically
120	located
121	(2) A non-resident pharmacy shall not ship, mail,
122	deliver, or dispense any sterile compounded product into
123	Florida that was compounded in violation of the laws and
124	rules of the state in which the non-resident pharmacy is
125	physically located.
126	(3) All Florida licensed non-resident pharmacies that
127	are currently engaging in sterile compounding may continue
128	to do so as long as they are issued a non-resident sterile
129	compounding permit by the DOH on or before January 31, 2015.
130	(4) Any non-resident pharmacy seeking licensure in
131	Florida on or after July 1, 2014 shall not engage in
132	shipping, mailing, delivering, or dispensing any sterile
133	compounded product into Florida until it has received a non-
134	resident sterile compounding permit.
135	(5) The board shall adopt rules which are necessary to
136	carry out the provisions of this section.
137	Section 3. Section 465.017, Florida Statutes, is
138	amended to read:
139	465.017 Authority to inspect; Disposal.
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Coding: Words $\frac{\text{stricken}}{\text{are deletions}}$; words $\frac{\text{underlined}}{\text{are additions}}$.

(1) Duly authorized agents and employees of the department shall have the power to inspect in a lawful manner at all reasonable hours any <u>Florida permitted</u> pharmacy <u>in and out of state; and any hospital</u>, clinic, wholesale establishment, manufacturer, physician's offices, or any other place in the state in which drugs and medical supplies are manufactured, packed, packaged, made, stored, sold, offered for sale, exposed for sale, or kept for sale for the purpose of:

- (a) Determining if any of the provision of this chapter or any rule promulgated under its authority is being violated;
- (b) Securing samples or specimens of any drug or medical supply after paying or offering to pay for such sample or specimen; or
- (c) Securing such other evidence as may be needed for prosecution under this chapter.
- (2) The cost incurred by the department for inspecting non-resident pharmacies shall be incurred by the pharmacy.

 The cost to the pharmacy is limited to the actual costs incurred by the department.
- (3) (a) Except as permitted by this chapter, and chapters 406, 409, 456, 499, and 893, records maintained in a pharmacy relating to the filling of prescriptions and the dispensing of medicinal drugs shall not be furnished to any person other than to the patient for whom the drugs were dispensed, or her or his legal representative, or to the department pursuant to existing law, or, in the event that

the patient is incapacitated or unable to request said records, her or his spouse except upon the written authorization of such patient. Such records may be furnished in any civil or criminal proceeding, upon the issuance of a subpoena from a court of competent jurisdiction and proper notice to the patient or her or his legal representative by the party seeking such records.

(b) The board shall adopt rules to establish practice guidelines for pharmacies to dispose of records maintained in a pharmacy relating to the filling of prescriptions and the dispensing of medicinal drugs. Such rules shall be consistent with the duty to preserve the confidentiality of such records in accordance with applicable state and federal law.